

## 13.5 Applications of Calculus, Part 2

**Definition:** Word problems involve finding the maximum or minimum values such as maximizing area or minimizing cost are known as **optimization problems**.

Tips for solving optimization problems:

1. DRAW A PICTURE!
  2. Assign your variables
  3. Write an equation to be **optimized** in terms of two variables
  4. Find values that are *sensible* for the problem where the derivative equals zero
  5. Verify that you have the desired max or min using the first or second derivative test.
- \*Remember to check the endpoints on a closed interval!**

**Example 1:** The cost of making  $n$  tennis rackets each day is given by the function:

$C(n) = n^2 - 20n + 120$  where  $C(n)$  is the cost in dollars per racquet.

- a) How many racquets should be made per day to minimize the cost per racquet?
- b) What is the minimum cost?

- a) First find  $C'(n)$ , set it equal to 0, and solve for  $n$ .

$$C'(n) = 2n - 20$$

$$0 = 2n - 20$$

$$n = 10 \text{ racquets}$$

- b) To find the minimum cost, use the value of  $n$  that you found to be the minimum number of items.

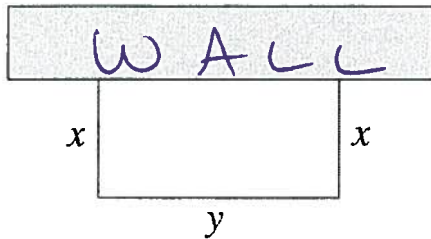
$$C(n) = n^2 - 20n + 120$$

$$C(10) = (10)^2 - 20(10) + 120$$

$$C(10) = 20$$

$$\text{\$20}$$

**Example 2:** A rectangular plot of farmland is enclosed by 180 m of fencing material on three sides. The fourth side of the plot is bounded by a stone wall. Find the dimensions of the plot that enclose the maximum area. Find the maximum area.



180 meters of fencing = perimeter

$$x + y + x = 180$$

$$2x + y = 180$$

Maximum Area =  $xy$

In order to maximize my area, I need only variable. So plug the perimeter equation into the area equation.

$$y = 180 - 2x$$

Maximum Area =  $xy$

$$A = x(180 - 2x)$$

$$A = 180x - 2x^2$$

$$A' = 180 - 4x$$

$$0 = 180 - 4x$$

$$x = 45 \text{ meters}$$

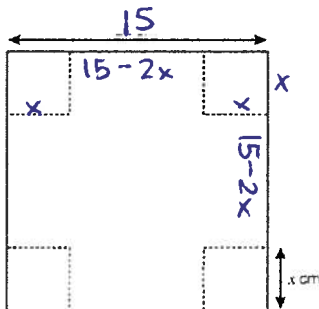
\*\*\*Plug in  $x = 45$  to find  $y$

Dimensions: 45 m by 90 m

\*\*\*Maximum Area

$$(45)(90) = 4050 \text{ m}^2$$

**Example 3:** A square piece of cardboard measuring 15 cm on each side has four identical squares cut out of the corners so that it can be folded up to make a box with an open top. Determine the value of  $x$  for which the volume of the box is maximum. Hence find the dimensions of the box that give the maximum volume. Calculate the corresponding volume.



Volume =  $lwh$

$$V = (15 - 2x)(15 - 2x)(x)$$

$$V = (225 - 60x + 4x^2)(x)$$

$$V = 225x - 60x^2 + 4x^3$$

Now simplify the volume formula so I can find the derivative and set it equal to 0...

$$V = 225x - 60x^2 + 4x^3$$

$$V' = 225 - 120x + 12x^2$$

$$0 = 225 - 120x + 12x^2$$

Use Graphing Calc App to solve...  $x = 2.5$  or  $x = 7.5$

Now since  $x = 7.5$  gives a side length of zero, there is only  $x = 2.5$  m

So my dimensions would be 10 x 10 x 2.5 with volume 250 m<sup>3</sup>

**Example 4:** The function  $g$  is defined as follows:

$$g: x \mapsto px^2 + qx + c, \text{ where } p, q, c \in \mathbb{R}$$

- a) If  $g'(x) = -4x + 12$ , find the values of  $p$  and  $q$ .

First find  $g'(x)$  of the given function... remembering that  $p$  and  $q$  are numbers...

$$g'(x) = 2px + q$$

Now set it equal to the actual derivative...

$$2px + q = -4x + 12$$

So obviously  $q = 12$ . And since  $2p = -4$  that means that  $p = -2$

So that makes  $g(x) = -2x^2 + 12x + c$

- b) If  $g$  has a maximum value of 5 at point A, find the value of  $c$ .

If I know point A then I could plug it in to  $g(x)$  and solve for  $c$ . So find the maximum.

$$\text{Set } g'(x) = 0$$

$$-4x + 12 = 0$$

$$x = 3$$

So that means  $A = (3, 5)$

Now plug it in to  $g(x)$  find  $c$ ...

$$5 = -2(3)^2 + 12(3) + c$$

$$5 = -18 + 36 + c$$

$$c = -13$$